

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/714,466	11/14/2003	Mark Bohr	42P13758C	2498
8791	7590 05/03/2005	5	EXAMINER	
	SOKOLOFF TAYL	BOOTH, RICHARD A		
SEVENTH I		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
LOS ANGELES, CA 90025-1030			2812	

DATE MAILED: 05/03/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

^
71
n
VΥ
,

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summan	10/714,466	BOHR, MARK				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Richard A. Booth	2812				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
·	☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application.		+				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	alastias requirement					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1103, 0304.</li> </ul>	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	ite atent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 10/714,466

Art Unit: 2812

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lee et al., U.S. Patent 6,326,270.

Lee et al. shows the invention as claimed including forming an active region (115); forming a gated device (108) within the active region; and forming a contact (131b) to a gate of the gated device in the active region (see fig. 5 and col. 9-line 35 to col. 10-line 20).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee et al., as applied above, and further in view of Jeng et al., U.S. Patent 6,033,962.

Lee et al. is applied as above but does not expressly disclose using a first and second mask to form contact openings.

Jeng et al. discloses forming a photoresist mask (11) above the dielectric layer (10) to form contact openings (12b) to both the gate and junction areas of the gated device (7) (see figs. 4-5 and col. 4-lines 25-58). In view of this disclosure, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the process of Lee et al. to form contact openings using a mask as taught by Jeng et al. because by using a mask structure the precise location of contact openings is controlled.

Regarding claim 3, Lee is silent to the etching time, but it is obvious from fig. 5 that the etching time is sufficient enough to allow formation of a contact hole to the gate region and a contact hole to the junction region of the active device. Also generally times, concentration, temperature, pressures and thicknesses of certain values are not given patentable weight, unless displaying unexpected results. See In re Aller.

Concerning claims 4 and 9, Lee discloses forming a silicon nitride layer (119) that acts as an etch stop layer prior to forming a dielectric layer (120).

With respect to claims 5 and 10, Lee further discloses etching through the conformal etch stop layer (119) to the gate (105). Lee is silent to the time period of the etch. Also generally times, concentration, temperature, pressures and thicknesses of certain values are not given patentable weight, unless displaying unexpected results. See In re Aller.

Art Unit: 2812

Concerning claim 6, Lee discloses forming a conformal first dielectric layer (120) on the gate device in the active region; planarizing the first conformal dielectric layer to expose the conformal etch stop (119) layer; forming a second different dielectric layer (130) on the gated device in the active region; and wherein the forming a contact opening through the dielectric layer and to the gate further comprises: etching an initial gate contact opening to the different second dielectric layer using an etch chemistry having a greater selectivity for the second dielectric layer than for the first dielectric layer and the etch stop layer; and etching a subsequent gate contact opening through the etch stop layer to the gate (see col. 9-line 48 to col. 10-line 5).

## Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-10 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-6 of U.S. Patent No. 6,686,247. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably

Page 5

Art Unit: 2812

distinct from each other because many of the claims of the instant application are generic to the patented claims.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Richard A. Booth whose telephone number is (571) 272-1668. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 7:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Lebentritt can be reached on (571) 272-1873. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Richard A. Booth
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2812